Name:

Algebra 2

1-Review

2. $\begin{cases} 2x + y = 3\\ x - y = 0 \end{cases}$

Take this test as you would take a test in class. When you are finished, check your work against the answers. 1-01

Graph the system and estimate the solution.

1.
$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1\\ y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} \end{cases}$$

Graph the system of inequalities.

 $\begin{cases} y < 2x + 1 \\ y > -x - 2 \end{cases}$

$$0 \ge -x - \frac{1-02}{2}$$

Solve the system algebraically.

4.
$$\begin{cases} y = x + 2 \\ 2x - 2y = 3 \end{cases}$$
 5.
$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y = -7 \\ x + 2y = 11 \end{cases}$$

6. Jim has two jobs. The first week he works 2 hours at job A and 3 hours at job B and earns \$57.50. The second week he works 5 hours at job A and 2 hours at job B and earns \$75. What is his pay rate at job A?

7. How do you know if there are many solutions when you are solving algebraically?

<u>1-03</u>

Is the given point a solution to the system?

 $\begin{cases} x - y + 2z = -7 \\ y - 3z = 11; \text{ point } (1, 2, -3) \\ x + z = -2 \end{cases}$ 8.

Solve the system algebraically.

9. $\begin{cases} x + y + z = 4 \\ -x + y - 2z = -4 \\ -2y - z = -4 \end{cases}$

10. What does the graph of a linear equation in three variables look like?

1-04

Simplify.

- 11. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ -9 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ 13. $2\begin{bmatrix} 3\\ -4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ 12. 3[2 8] 1-05 Simplify. 14. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 15. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ 16. How do you know if two matrices can be multiplied? 1-06 **Evaluate the determinant.** 17. $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$ 18. $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$ 19. Find the area of the triangle with vertices (1, 2), (0, -2), (3, 1). 1-07
- 20. What is the product of a matrix with its inverse?

21. Find inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$. 22. Use an inverse to solve $\begin{cases} 2x + y = 8\\ x - 3y = -3 \end{cases}$

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